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CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		Unassigned					
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PCT/JP 98/03324	NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 24 July 1998	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 24 July 1997					
TITLE OF INVENTION NOVEL SERINE PROTEASE							
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Nobuo TSURUOKA, Kyoko YAMASHIRO and Nozomi YAMAGUCHI							
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:							
	ission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.	·					
2. This is a SECOND or	SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under	35 U.S.C. 371.					
(🗖)	uest to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 3						
until the expiration of	the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and the Po	CT Articles 22 and 39(1).					
4. A proper Demand for	International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19t	n month from the earliest claimed priority date.					
5. X A copy of the Interna	tional Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))						
a. \square is transmit	ted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the Interna	ional Bureau).					
	ransmitted by the International Bureau.						
[ired, as the application was filed in the United States Receiv	ing Office (RO/US)					
<u>.</u>	nternational Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).						
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7. 🗵 Amendments to the d	claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19	(35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))					
a. 📙 are transm	a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).						
b. L have been	b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau.						
c. D have not b	c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.						
d. 🗵 have not b	een made and will not be made.						
Property Control of the Control of t	A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).						
9. 🗵 An oath or declaratio	An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).						
10. A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).							
Items 11. to 16. below concern other document(s) or information included:							
11. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.							
12. 🗵 An assignment docur							
13. 🗵 A FIRST preliminary amendment.							
A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.							
— A SECUND OF SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.							
14. A substitute specification.							
15. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.							
1¢ Other items or information:							
Notice Informing the Applicant of the Communication of the International Application to the Designated Offices and							
™International Search Report							

				INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/JP 98/03324			ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 001560-349	
17. The following fees are submitted:			CALCULAT	ions	PTO USE ONLY			
Basic National Fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):								
	⇒ Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO							
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International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) \$96.00							<u> </u>	
		ENTER AP	PROPRIATE BAS	IC FEE A	MOUNT =	\$ 840	0.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than 20 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).					30	\$		
Claims		Number Filed	Number Ext	ra	Rate			
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Reduction for 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity statement must also be filed. (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				\$	0.00			
				sı	JBTOTAL =	\$ 91	8.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00for furnishing the English translation later than 20 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).					\$	0.00		
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =					\$	0.00		
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +						0.00		
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c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>02-4800</u> . A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.								
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.								
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:								
* BUR	ld L. Grudzied S, DOANE, SW Box 1404	cki, Esq. ÆCKER & M ATHIS, L	L.P.	SIGNATU	RE /	- wy.		
1		ia 22313-1404		Donna N NAME	M. Meuth			
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09/147947 STO ROCH PCT/PTO 24 MAR 1999

Patent Attorney's Docket No. <u>001560-349</u>

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of)
Nobuo TSURUOKA et al) Group Art Unit: Unassigned
Application No.: Unassigned Corresponding to PCT/JP 98/03324) Examiner: Unassigned)
Filed: March 24, 1999)
For: NOVEL SERINE PROTEASE)

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination on the merits, please amend the above identified application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

In compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.823(a), please insert the attached copy of the "Sequence Listing" after page 28 and before the claims of the above-identified application.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 5, 6, 7, 10, and 11 as follows:

In claim 5, lines 2 and 3, please delete "in any one of the above-mentioned claims 1 to 4" and insert therefore --claim 1--.

In claim 6, lines 4 and 5, please delete "in any one of the above-mentioned claims 1 to 4" and insert therefore --claim 1--.

7. (Amended) An expression vector containing the DNA as claimed in [claims 5 or 6] claim 5.

In claim 10, lines 2 and 3, please delete "in any one of claims 1 to 4" and insert therefore --claim 1--.

11. (Amended) A process for screening physiologically active substance that uses the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as claimed in <u>claim 1</u> [any one of claims 1 to 4, or the DNA as claimed in claim 5 or 6].

Please add the following new claims:

- --12. An expression vector containing the DNA as claimed in claim 6.
- 13. A process for screening physiologically active substance that uses the DNA as claimed in claim 5.
- 14. DNA which codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as claimed in claim 2.
- 15. DNA which codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptide as claimed in claim 3.
- 16. DNA which codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptide as claimed in claim 4.
- 17. An antibody whose antigen is the serine protease, domain or their partial peptide as claimed in claim 2.

- 18. An antibody whose antigen is the serine protease, domain or their partial peptide as claimed in claim 3.
- 19. An antibody whose antigen is the serine protease, domain or their partial peptide as claimed in claim 4.
- 20. A process for screening physiologically active substances that uses the DNA as claimed in claim 6.--

REMARKS

Entry of the foregoing and examination of the above-identified application is respectfully requested.

The paper copy of the Sequence Listing for the subject application, is by this amendment, added after page 28 and before the claims of the above-identified application. Please renumber the pages accordingly.

Claims 5, 6, 7, 10, and 11 have been amended to eliminate the multiple dependency of the claims. New claims 12-20 have been added, directed to preferred embodiments of the invention. These claims are supported by the original claims 1-11. No new matter has been added by these amendments.

Early and favorable action in the form of a Notice of Allowance is respectfully requested.

In the event that there are any questions relating to this amendment or the application in general, it would be appreciated if the Examiner would contact the undersigned attorney be telephone so that prosecution would be expedited.

Respectfully submitted,

BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P.

By:

Donna M. Meuth

Registration No. 36,607

P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1404 (703) 836-6620

Date: March 24, 1999

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SPECIFICATION

NOVEL SERINE PROTEASE

5 Technical Field

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The present invention relates to a novel serine protease, DNA coding therefor, a process for production of said serine protease, and a process for screening physiologically active substances using said serine protease or DNA coding therefor.

Background Art

Serine proteases are widely present in animals, plants and microorganisms, and are known to be involved in an extremely large number of biological reactions including food digestion, blood coagulation and fibrinolysis, complement activation, hormone production, ovulation and fertilization, phagocytosis, cell growth, development and differentiation, aging and cancer metastasis, particularly in higher animals (Neurath, H., Science, 224, 350-357, 1984).

In recent years, serine proteases have been confirmed to act as a physiologically important functional molecule in the central nervous system as well. For example, known serine proteases occurring in the brain include tissue plasminogen activator (Sappiro, A-D., Madani, R., Huarte, J., Belin, D., Kiss, J.Z., Wohlwent, A. and Vassalli, J-D., J. Clin. Invest., 92, 679-685, 1993), thrombin (Monard, D., Trends Neurosci., 11, 541-544, 1988), human trypsin IV (Wiegand, U., Corbach, S., Minn, A., Kang, J. and Müller-Hill, B., Gene, 136, 167-175, 1993), neuropsin (Chen, Z-L., Yoshida, S., Kato, K., Momota, Y., Suzuki, J., Tanaka, T., Ito, J., Nishino, H., Aimoto, S., Kiyama, H. and Shiosaka, S., J. Neurosci., 15(7), 5088-5097, 1995), and neurosin (Yamashiro, K., Tsuruoka, N., Kodama, S., Tsujimoto, M., Yamamura, Y., Tanaka, T., Nakazato, H. and

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Yamaguchi, N., Biochim. Biophys. Acta, 1350, 11-14, 1997).

Not only are these serine proteases in the brain involved in the deployment of the neurite outgrowth of neurons, but they are also assumed to be involved in the synapse-formation process with target neurons (Liu, Y., Fields, R.D., Fitzgerald, S., Festoff, B.W. and Nelson, P.G., J. Neurobiol., 25, 325, 1994).

However, the physiological functions of these serine proteases in the brain are essentially unknown. In addition, although it is predicted that many other serine proteases exist that occur in the brain and are responsible for performing important physiological functions, the majority of these are still not identified.

On the other hand, certain types of serine protease proteins in the coagulation, fibrinolysis and complement system have the kringle domains, EGF-like structures, finger structures, y-carboxyglutamic acid domains, apple domains and other structures on their N-terminus (Furie, B. and Furie, B.C., Cell, 53, 505-518, 1988). Examples of known serine protease proteins having some kringle domains include urokinase, plasminogen activator and plasminogen.

The kringle domains have the ability to bind with fibrin, heparin and lysine analogue (Scanu, A.M. and Edelstein, C., Biochimica. Biophysica. Acta, 1256, 1-12, 1995), and in the blood fibrinolysis system, plasminogen activator has been known to bind the precipitated fibrin by means of its kringle domains, following activation of nearby bound plasmin. Moreover, the angiogenesis inhibitory factor, angiostatin, has been identified to be the kringle domains in a plasminogen molecule (Cao, Y., Ji, R.W., Davidson, D., Scaller, J., Marti, D., Söhndel, S., McCance, S.G., O'Reilly, M.S., Llinás, M. and Folkman, J., J. Biol. Chem., 271, 29461-29467, 1996), and was shown for the first time to have physiological

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activity as an independent Kringle domain, that provided the first demonstration of the physiological activity as kringle domains alone.

In addition, the existence of a series of protein groups including cyclophilin-C binding protein, speract receptor, complement factor I, CD5 and CD6 is known that have the scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains observed in the macrophage scavenger receptor (Resnick, D., Pearson, A. and Krieger, M., Trends. Biochem. Sci., 19, 5-8, 1994).

In contrast to cyclophilin-C binding protein and complement factor I being secretory proteins, speract receptor, CD5 and CD6 are known to be membrane-bound proteins. Among these, a protein binding to membrane-bound protein CD6 was found to be the activated leukocyte adhesive molecule (ALCAM), and its binding site was localized to a SRCR domain structure of CD6 (Whitney, G.S., Starling, G.C., Bowen, M.A., Modrell, B., Siadak, A.W. and Aruffo, A.J., J. Biol. Chem., 270, 18187-18190, 1995).

Moreover, ALCAM, which is a ligand of CD6, is known to be expressed by activated lymphocytes and neurons, while CD6 is surmised to fulfill a certain regulatory function for maintaining homeostasis in the immune system and nervous system by means of the interaction with ALCAM.

In this manner, proteins composed of multi-domain structures not only have characteristic functions associated with each domain, but also are considered to function by having specific recognition functions interacting with each domain function.

Disclosure of the Invention

In consideration of the present circumstances as described above, the object of the present invention is to provide a novel serine protease, and a novel serine protease DNA that codes for it. Moreover, another object

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of the present invention is to provide a process for producing a large amount of said protease using said DNA, and a process for screening physiologically active substances using said serine protease or DNA that codes for it.

As a result of repeated earnest research, the inventors of the present invention isolated cDNA that codes for a novel functional protein by screening cDNA having a characteristic 5' translation region using a region preserved well in cDNA for the probe that codes for serine protease occurring in the brain, thereby leading to completion of the present invention.

Thus, the present invention provides (1) a serine protease or its partial peptide containing an amino acid sequence identical to serine protease indicated in Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.

Moreover, the present invention provides (2) a serine protease domain or its partial peptide containing an amino acid sequence identical to a serine protease domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid no. 578 to 822 indicated in Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.

Moreover, the present invention provides (3) a kringle domain or its partial peptide containing an amino acid sequence identical to a kringle domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid no. 40 to 112

indicated in Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.

Moreover, the present invention provides (4) a scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domain or its partial peptide containing an amino acid sequence identical to an SRCR domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid no. 117 to 217, from amino acid no. 227 to 327, from amino acid No. 334 to 433, or from amino acid No. 447 to 547 indicated in Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.

Moreover, the present invention provides (5) DNA which codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as set forth in any one of the abovementioned (1) to (4).

Moreover, the present invention provides (6) DNA which codes for a peptide having serine protease, domain or their partial peptide activity, and is hybridizable with DNA that codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as set forth in any one of the above-mentioned (1) to (4) under stringent conditions.

Moreover, the present invention provides (7) an expression vector containing the DNA as set forth in the above-mentioned (5) or (6).

Moreover, the present invention provides (8) a host transformed by the expression vector as set forth in the above-mentioned (7).

Moreover, the present invention provides (9) a

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process for preparing of serine protease, domain or their partial peptides comprising culturing or breeding the host as set forth in the above-mentioned (8), and harvesting serine protease, domain or their partial peptides.

Moreover, the present invention provides (10) an antibody whose antigen is the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as set forth in any one of the above-mentioned (1) to (4).

Moreover, the present invention provides (11) a process for screening physiologically active substances that uses the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as set forth in any one of the above-mentioned (1) to (4), or the DNA as set forth in the above-mentioned (5) or (6).

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for mouse serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 2 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for mouse serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 3 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for mouse serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 4 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for mouse serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 5 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for mouse serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 6 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for mouse serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 7 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for human serine protease,

and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 8 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for human serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 9 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for human serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 10 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for human serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 11 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for human serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 12 indicates a portion of the nucleotide sequence of cDNA that codes for human serine protease, and its corresponding amino acid sequence.

Fig. 13 is an electrophoresis diagram indicating the results of Northern blotting that shows transcription of serine protease gene in various mouse organs.

Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

Cloning of cDNA coding for mouse serine protease was performed by first preparing a cDNA library from mouse brain mRNA isolated and prepared in accordance with conventional methods, and then performing PCR using the cDNA library and PCR primers designed and prepared based on a serine protease motif. Using the resulting PCR product as a probe, clones were screened having a long 5' translation region and expected to code for a novel functional protein.

As a result, the inventors of the present invention succeeded in isolating a 2.7 kb cDNA named mouse BSSP-3. As a result of investigating the resulting cDNA sequence in accordance with conventional methods, mouse BSSP-3 cDNA was determined to code for a novel functional protein that contains not only a serine protease domain, but also a kringle domain and scavenger receptor

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cysteine-rich domains. The isolated mouse BSSP-3 cDNA coded for one Kringle domain, three scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains, and one serine protease domain. A specific example is described in Example 1.

Next, when expression of mouse BSSP-3 mRNA was confirmed in various mouse organs and various sites of mouse brain using the entire length of the isolated mouse BSSP-3 cDNA as a probe, with respect to expression in various mouse organs, strong expression was observed particularly in the brain, while expression was also observed in the lung and kidney. In addition, with respect to various sites of mouse brain, strong expression was observed in the cerebrum and brain stem, and expression was also observed in the medulla oblongata. The size was only about 2.7 kb in all cases. Of the various sites in the brain that were examined, expression of mouse BSSP-3 mRNA was not observed in the cerebellum. A specific example is described in Example Based on these findings, mouse BSSP-3 mRNA was confirmed to actually be expressed in mouse organs.

Moreover, as a result of screening the human brain cDNA library using mouse BSSP-3 cDNA as a probe, human BSSP-3 cDNA was able to be successfully isolated. As a result, the inventors of the present invention clearly showed that human BSSP-3 cDNA clearly differs from that which would be predicted from the primary structure of mouse BSSP-3 cDNA, and was determined to code for one kringle domain, four scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains, and one serine protease domain. A specific example is described in Example 3. Moreover, when the inventors of the present invention expressed human BSSP-3 cDNA coding for serine protease mature protein in COS-1 cells, it was clearly determined to be a functional protein having enzyme activity. A specific example is described in Example 4.

Based on the above results, in terms of its primary structure, the mouse and human BSSP-3 cDNAs isolated here

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encode a novel functional protein that not only contain a novel serine protease domain, a novel kringle domain and novel scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains, but also is functional proteins in which the serine protease domain has enzyme activity.

Not only is it clear that the novel functional protein in the present invention has complex functions due to its primary structure, but it also plays a certain role in the physiological function of the brain through the complex functions. Thus, the mouse BSSP-3 cDNA and novel functional protein encoded by the mouse BSSP-3 cDNA of the present invention provide useful means for pathological analysis of various types of mouse disease models. In addition, the human BSSP-3 cDNA and novel functional protein encoded by human BSSP-3 cDNA of the present invention also provide useful means for screening therapeutic agents for various types of diseases based on useful information for disease treatment obtained through pathological analysis. Moreover, they can also be applied to the development of therapeutic drugs for actual human diseases.

Examples of these treatment methods include supplementary treatment by administration of the recombinant protein and the gene-expression promotion or inhibition therapy by the sense or antisense method. Moreover, each of the domain structures of the novel functional protein can also function independently. Thus, molecules that exhibit interaction with each domain structure can be identified after expressing each domain structure separately. In addition, by investigating the involvement in disease of the identified molecule group, supplementary treatment by administration of the recombinant protein and gene-expression promotion or inhibition therapy by the sense or antisense method can be applied.

The following provides an explanation of the present invention based on its examples.

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Although the present invention discloses the nucleotide sequence indicated in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 3) and Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5) as nucleotide sequences of DNA that code for novel serine proteases, the serine protease DNAs of the present invention are not limited to them. Once the amino acid sequence of naturally-occurring serine protease is determined, various nucleotide sequences that code for the same amino acid sequence can be designed based on codon degeneration and prepared. In this case, it is preferable to use codons that are used at high frequency in a host to be used.

In order to obtain DNA that codes for naturallyoccurring serine protease of the present invention,
although cDNA can be obtained in the manner described in
the examples, it is not limited to this. Namely, once a
single nucleotide sequence that codes for the amino acid
sequence of naturally-occurring serine protease is
determined, DNA coding for naturally-occurring serine
protease can be cloned as cDNA by a strategy that differs
from the strategy specifically disclosed in the present
invention. Moreover, it can also be cloned from a genome
of cells that produce it.

For example, the above-mentioned DNA can be cloned by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) method using a DNA (nucleotide) primers as shown in Example 1.

The DNA of the present invention also codes for a protein or glycoprotein having serine protease activity, and includes DNA that hybridizes with the nucleotide sequence of Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 3) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5). In addition, typical hybridization methods are well known among persons with ordinary skill in the art (examples of which include Experimental Medicine, special edition, Yodosha Publishing, "Biotechnology Experimental Method Series - Gene Engineering General Collection", Vol. 1.5, No. 11, pp. 24-60, 1987), and measurement of activity is also well

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known among persons with ordinary skill in the art.

In the case of cloning from a genome, the various primer nucleotides or probe nucleotides used in the examples can be used as probes for selecting genome DNA fragments. In addition, other probes can also be used that are designed based on the nucleotide sequence described in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 3) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5). Typical methods for cloning a target DNA from the genome are also well known among persons with ordinary skill in the art (Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, publisher, Chapters 5 and 6).

The DNA that codes for naturally-occurring serine protease of the present invention can also be prepared by chemical synthesis. DNA chemical synthesis can be easily performed by a person with ordinary skill in the art by using an automated DNA synthesizer such as the 396 DNA/RNA synthesizer of Applied Biosystems. Thus, a person with ordinary skill in the art can easily synthesize DNA of the nucleotide sequence indicated in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 3) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5).

A DNA that codes for naturally-occurring serine protease according to codons that differ from the native codons can also be prepared by chemical synthesis as mentioned above, and can also be obtained in accordance with conventional methods such as site-directed mutagenesis using a mutagenic primer with DNA or RNA having the nucleotide sequence indicated in Figs. I to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 3) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5) as a template (see, for example, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, publisher, Chapter 8).

In this manner, once the amino acid sequence is determined, various variant forms of serine protease can be designed and produced, including polypeptides in which one or more amino acids are added to the naturally-occurring amino acid sequence while maintaining serine

protease activity, polypeptides in which one or more amino acids are deleted from the above-mentioned naturally-occurring amino acid sequence while maintaining serine protease activity, polypeptides in which one or more amino acids in the above-mentioned naturally-occurring amino acid sequence are substituted with another amino acids while maintaining serine protease activity, and modified polypeptides in which the above-mentioned amino acid addition modification, amino acid deletion modification and amino acid substitution modification are combined, while maintaining serine protease activity.

Although there are no particular restrictions on the numbers of amino acids in the above-mentioned modification including amino acid addition, deletion or substitution modification, with respect to addition, the number of amino acids is dependent on the number of amino acids of known functional protein, e.g. maltose-binding protein, used to form a hybrid protein with the serine protease of the present invention for the purpose of extraction, purification or stabilization or on that of proteins having various physiological activities or the signal peptide added to the present serine protease.

Namely, the number of amino acids to be modified is determined depending on the purpose of said modification, and for example, 1 to 50, and preferably 1 to 10, are added.

In addition, with respect to deletion, the number of amino acids that are deleted is designed and determined so as to maintain serine protease activity, and is, for example, 1 to 30, and preferably 1 to 20, or may be, for example, the number of amino acids in a region other than the active region of the present serine protease.

Moreover, with respect to substitution, the number of amino acids that are substituted is designed and determined so as to maintain the serine protease activity, and is, for example, 1 to 10, and preferably 1

to 5.

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In addition, the present invention provides a serine protease domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid No. 517 to 761 or No. 578 to 822 indicated in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 4) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), respectively, a kringle domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid No. 85 to 157 or from No. 40 to 112 indicated in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 4) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), respectively, or scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid No. 166 to 266, from No. 273 to 372, from No. 386 to 486, from No. 117 to 217, from No. 227 to 327, from No. 334 to 433 or from No. 447 to 547 indicated in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 4) or Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 6), respectively. Production of these domains can be performed by the method described later, a peptide synthesis method which itself is known, or by cleaving said serine protease by a suitable protease. In addition, modified domains that maintain the activity of the domains of the present invention or DNA that code for them can also be similarly produced.

When DNA of the serine protease or domain of the present invention is obtained in the manner described above, a recombinant serine protease or domain can be produced by ordinary gene recombination using the DNA for serine protease or domain. Namely, DNA coding for the serine protease or domain of the present invention is inserted into a suitable expression vector, said expression vector is introduced into suitable host cells, said host cells are cultured, and the target serine protease or domain is recovered from the resulting culture (cells or medium).

The serine protease or domain of the present invention may be obtained in a biochemically or chemically modified form, such as acylation of its N-terminal, including formylation, acetylation or other C_{1-6} acylation or deletion. The secretion efficiency and

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expression level of the expression system may be improved by addition or modification of a signal sequence, or selection of host. Examples of addition and modification of signal sequence include a method in which a gene coding for a signal peptide of another structural peptide is ligated upstream of the 5'-end of the structural gene of the serine protease or domain of the present invention through a gene coding for a cleavable partial peptide. Specific examples of this include methods using the signal sequence of the trypsin gene and using a gene coding for an enterokinase recognition sequence, as described in Example 4.

Prokaryotic or eukaryotic organisms can be used for the host. Examples of prokaryotes that can be used include bacteria, and particularly Escherichia coli and the genus Bacillus such as Bacillus subtilis. Examples of eukaryotes that can be used include yeast such as the genus Saccharomyces such as Saccharomyces cerevisiae, and other eukaryotic microorganisms, insect cells such as armyworm cells (Spodoptera frugiperda), cabbage looper cells (Trichoplusia ni) and silkworm cells (Bombyx mori), and animal cells such as human cells, monkey cells and mice cells, specific examples of which include COS-1 cells, Vero cells, CHO cells, L cells, myeloma cells, C127 cells, BALB/c3T3 cells and Sp-2/O cells. Organisms themselves can also be used in the present invention, including insects such as cabbage looper and silkworm.

Examples of expression vectors that can be used include plasmids, phages, phagemids and viruses (Baculovirus (insects), Vaccinia virus (animal cells)) etc. A promoter in an expression vector is selected dependent on the host cells, and examples of bacterial promoters that are used include lac promoter and trp promoter, while examples of yeast promoters that are used include adhI promoter and pqk promoter.

In addition, examples of insect promoters include Baculovirus polyhedrin promoter, while examples of animal

cell promoters include Simian Virus 40 early or late promoter, CMV promoter, HSV-TK promoter and SRc promoter. In addition, it is preferable to use an expression vector containing an enhancer, splicing signal, poly A addition signal, selective marker (such as dihydrofolate reductase gene (methotrexate-resistant) or neo gene (G418-resistant) in addition to those indicated above. Furthermore, in case of using an enhancer, SV40 enhancer, for example, is inserted upstream or downstream from the gene.

Transformation of host with an expression vector can be performed in accordance with conventional methods well known in the art, and these methods are described in, for example, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, publisher. Culturing of the transformant can also be performed in accordance with conventional methods. Purification of serine protease or domain from the culture can be performed in accordance with conventional methods for isolation and purification of proteins, examples of which include ultrafiltration and various types of column chromatography such as chromatography using Sepharose.

Since the serine protease or domain of the present invention thus obtained is a functional protein, it provides a useful means for pathological analysis, allows screening of physiologically active substances using this protein, and is useful in research searching for therapeutic agents for various diseases. As a specific example of a screening method, screening for example of serine protease inhibitor, can be performed in the same manner as Example 4 by measuring a physiological activity of a tested sample, for example, a naturally-occurring component such as a peptide, protein, non-peptide compound, synthetic compound or fermentation product or compounds obtained from the culture supernatant of various cells, or artificial component an such as various types of synthetic compounds.

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In addition, the above-mentioned measurement of physiological activity, measurement of binding affinity and so forth using the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides of the present invention or hosts transformed by DNA coding for the above-mentioned serine protease, domain or their partial peptides or its cell membrane fraction are also preferable embodiments of the screening method of the present invention.

In addition, DNA coding for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides of the present invention is provided as a useful means of supplementary therapy by administration of the recombinant protein, the gene-expression promotion or inhibition therapy using the sense or antisense method, and elucidation of physiological functions within the body, and is also used for screening of new drugs based on the resulting information.

Moreover, the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides of the present invention, or DNA coding for them can be provided as a kit in a form that can be used when carrying out the above-mentioned screening methods.

Examples of partial peptides include peptide fragments comprising specific region of serin protase of the present invention such as peptide fragments present in the vicinity of a serine residue of an active site as well as peptide fragments that can be antibody recognition sites specific for the serine protease or domain of the present invention. Furthermore, production of said partial peptides can be performed by the methods previously described with respect to the serine protease or domain of the present invention, a peptide synthesis method which is itself known, or by cleaving said serine protease or domain with a suitable protease.

In addition, the above-mentioned cell membrane fraction refers to the fraction containing a large amount of cell membrane obtained after culturing host cells that

allow expression of DNA coding for the serine protease, domain or its partial peptides of the present invention, under conditions that allow expression, and disrupting the resulting host cells containing serine protease, domain or its partial peptides by a method which is itself known.

A screening method for physiologically active substances using the serine protease, domain or its partial peptides of the present invention is performed by screening samples to be tested using the serine protease, domain or its partial peptides of the present invention, DNA coding for them, host cells containing said serine protease, domain or its partial peptides, or its cell membrane fraction. As a specific example of such method, screening is performed by measuring activity or measuring binding affinity using a substrate of the serine protease, domain or its partial peptides of the present invention, examples of which include a synthetic substrate such as a color-development substrate, or a substrate labeled with a radioisotope.

Furthermore, in the case of using host cells containing serine protease, domain or their partial peptides, the cells can be used after fixing with a known method (with glutaraldehyde, formaldehyde, etc.). In addition, in the case of using DNA coding for said serine protease, domain or their partial peptides, a technique for evaluating promotion or inhibition of gene expression can be performed using a reporter gene such as luciferase gene.

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Examples

Example 1. Cloning of Novel Serine Protease Motif CDNA for Use as a Probe

(1) PCR Using a Serine Protease Conservative Region
Preparation of mouse brain mRNA was performed using
an RGT-T-primed first-strand kit (Pharmacia) in
accordance with the attached instructions. 2 µl (1 µg)

of oligo-dT primer was added to 5 μl (about 6 μg) of the resulting mRNA and heated for 10 minutes at 70°C followed by cooling rapidly on ice.

 μ l of 5x first strand buffer (250 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3, 375 mM KCl, 15 mM MgCl₂), 1 μ l of 10 mM dNTP, 2 μ l of 0.1 M DTT, diethylpyrocarbonate (DEPC)-treated distilled water and 5 μ l (1000 U) of Super Script IIRT were added to the denatured mRNA, and allowed to react for 1 hour at 37°C. PCR was then performed using the serine protease conservative region and the resulting first strand cDNA as the template.

Oligomer KY185 (5'-GTG CTC ACN GCN GCB CAY TG-3') shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 and synthesized based on the amino acid conservative region in the vicinity of an active residue (His) (N-Val-Leu-Thr-Ala-Ala-His-Cys), and oligomer KY189 (3'-CCV CTR AGD CCN CCN GGC GA-5') shown in SEQ ID NO: 2 and synthesized based on the amino acid preservation region in the vicinity of an active residue (Ser) (N-Gly-Asp-Ser-Gly-Gly-Pro-Leu), were used as primers. After performing PCR using Taq DNA polymerase (Amersham), the PCR reaction solution was subcloned to pCRII vector (Invitrogen).

(2) Isolation and Purification of Mouse Brain mRNA for Screening Preparation of mouse brain mRNA was performed using the Fast Track mRNA Isolation Kit (Invitrogen) in accordance with the attached instructions. Namely, 15 ml of lysis buffer was added to the entire extracted mouse brain and homogenized immediately with a teflonhomogenizer. After passing the homogenized tissue through a 21 gauge injection needle three times using a syringe, it was placed in a 50 ml centrifuge tube and incubated for 1 hour in a water bath at 45°C.

After incubation, the homogenized tissue was centrifuged for 5 minutes at 4000 x g, and the resulting supernatant was transferred to another 50 ml centrifuge

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tube. After adding 950 µl of 5 M NaCl solution, the solution was again passed through a 21 gauge injection needle three times using a syringe. Next, 1 tablet of oligo(dT) cellulose was added to the solution and after allowing to swell for 2 minutes, the solution was slowly rocked for 1 hour. One hour later, the solution was centrifuged for 5 minutes at 2,000 x g and after aspirating off the supernatant, the precipitate was suspended in 20 ml of binding buffer followed by washing the centrifuged residue in 10 ml of binding buffer.

Next, the precipitate was washed three times with 10 ml of low salt washing solution. After the final washing, the oligo(dT) cellulose was suspended in 800 μ l of low salt washing solution, placed in a spin column, and centrifugal washing was repeated three times for 10 seconds at 5000 x g. After washing, 200 μ l of elution buffer were added followed by repeating centrifugation for 10 seconds at 5000 x g twice to obtain 400 μ l of mRNA solution. mRNA was recovered from the mRNA solution by ethanol precipitation in accordance with conventional methods, and dissolved in 20 μ l of DEPC-treated distilled water.

(3) Screening from a cDNA Library <Step 1> Synthesis of cDNA

 $2~\mu l$ (1 μg) of oligo dT NotI primer was added to 5 μl (about 6 μg) of the mRNA obtained in Example 1, part (2), and heated for 10 minutes at 70°C followed by cooling rapidly on ice. 4 μl of 5x first strand buffer (250 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 375 mM KCl, 15 mM MgCl₂), 1 μl of 10 mM dNTP, 2 μl of 0.1 M DTT, DEPC-treated distilled water and 5 μl (1000 U) of Super Script IIRT were added to this denatured mRNA and allowed to react for 1 hour at 37°C.

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Next, 91 μ l of DEPC-treated distilled water, 30 μ l of 5x second strand buffer (100 mM Tris-HCl pH 6.9, 450 mM KCl, 23 mM MgCl₂, 0.75 mM β -NAD+, 50 mM (NH₄)₂SO₄), 3 μ l of 10 mM dNTP, 1 μ l (10 U) of <u>E. coli</u> DNA ligase, 4 μ l (40 U) of <u>E. coli</u> DNA polymerase and 1 μ l (2 U) of <u>E. coli</u> RNAase H were added to this reaction solution, and after reacting for 2 hours at 16°C, 2 μ l (10 U) of T4 DNA polymerase was added and allowed to react for 5 minutes at 16°C.

Moreover, 10 μl of 0.5 M EDTA was added to this solution and after mixing, 150 μl of phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1) was added. After stirring, the solution was centrifuged for 5 minutes at 15,000 rpm and the supernatant was recovered.

10 μl of 5 M KOAc and 400 μl of ethanol were added to the resulting supernatant followed by stirring and centrifuging for 10 minutes at 15,000 rpm. The precipitate obtained by centrifugation was washed with 500 μl of 70% ethanol and after gently air drying, was dissolved in 25 μl of DEPC-treated distilled water.

<Step 2> Addition of EcoRI Adapter

10 μl of 5 x T4 DNA linking buffer (250 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.6, 50 mM MgCl₂, 5 mM ATP, 5 mM DTT, 25% (W/v) PEG 8000), 10 μl (10 μg) of EcoRI adapter solution and 5 μl (5 U) of T4 DNA ligase were added to 25 μl of the double strand cDNA obtained in the previous step. After reacting for 16 hours at 16°C, 50 μl of phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1) was added, stirred and centrifuged for 5 minutes at 15,000 rpm followed by recovery of the supernatant. 5 μl of 5 M KOAc and 125 μl of ethanol were added to the recovered supernatant and stirred. After cooling for 20 minutes at

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-80°C, the supernatant was centrifuged for 10 minutes at 15,000 rpm. The precipitate resulting from centrifugation was washed with 200 μ l of 70% ethanol and after gently air-drying, was dissolved in 40 μ l of DEPC-treated distilled water.

<Step 3> Ligation with \(\lambda gt 10 \)

1 μl (50 ng) of λgt 10 (EcoRI fragment) was added to 3 ml of size-fractionated cDNA solution followed by the addition of 11 μl of DEPC-treated distilled water, 4 μl of 5 x T4 DNA linking buffer and 1 μl of 5 x T4 DNA ligase and allowing to react for 3 hours at room temperature. After extracting with phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), adding 5 μl (5 μg) of yeast tRNA, 5 μl of 5 M KOAc and 125 μl of ethanol and stirring, the mixture was cooled for 20 minutes at -80°C and centrifuged for 10 minutes at 15,000 rpm. The precipitate resulting from centrifugation was washed with 200 μl of 70% ethanol and after gently air-drying, was dissolved in 5 μl of TE (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 1 mM EDTA).

<Step 4> Packaging

The ligated cDNA obtained in step 3 was packaged using Gigapack Packaging Extracts (Stratagene). Namely, after adding 10 µl of Freeze-thaw Extract contained in the kit to 1 µl of 0.1 µg/µl ligated cDNA, 15 µl of Sonic Extract contained in the kit was immediately added and mixed well. After allowing to stand for 2 hours at room temperature, 500 µl of phage dilution buffer (100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgSO4, 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 0.01% gelatin) was added followed by addition of 20 µl of chloroform. After mixing well, the mixture was centrifuged for 5 minutes at the room temperature at 15,000 rpm and the supernatant was recovered to obtain a phage solution.

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According to conventional methods, it was used to infect the host <u>E. coli</u> after titrating the phase solution.

<Step 5> Library Screening

The DNA fragment obtained in Example 1, part (1) was labeled with α -32P dCTP using the BcaBest DNA labeling kit (Takara) to prepare a probe. A cDNA library comprising approximately 400,000 clones obtained in the previous step was screened using this probe. As a result, the longest clone of the inserted DNA fragment, pUC18/mBSSP-3/1-1 was obtained from the approximately 400,000 clones.

The total length of the pUC18/mBSSP-3/1-1 cDNA was 2,597 base pairs, and consisted of a 5' non-translation region of 244 base pairs, a translation region of 2283 base pairs, and a 3' non-translation region of 70 base pairs. The translation region was determined to code for a novel functional protein containing not only a serine protease domain (amino acid No. 517 to 761), but also a kringle domain (amino acid No. 85 to 157) and three scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains (amino acid No. 166 to 266; domain 1, amino acid No. 273 to 372; domain 2, and amino acid No. 386 to 486; domain 3). The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of pUC18/mBSSP-3/1-1 cDNA are shown in Figs. 1 to 6 (SEQ ID NO: 3).

Example 2. Examination of Expression Site of mBSSP-3 by Northern Blotting

Mouse brain total RNA was prepared using Trizol reagent (Life Technology) in accordance with the attached instructions. Namely, after extracting mouse cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum and medulla oblongata, the tissues were immediately homogenized with a Polytron (Kinematica), and the tissues were lysed by addition of 10 volumes (approx. 3 ml) of Trizol reagent relative to tissue volume. Moreover, 600 µl of chloroform was added, followed by mixing and centrifuging for 15 minutes at 4°C and 15,000 rpm. After centrifugation, the aqueous phase

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was recovered and 1500 μ l of isopropanol was added to the recovered aqueous phase, followed by mixing and centrifuging for 30 minutes at 4°C and 15,000 rpm.

After dissolving the resulting total RNA precipitate of each site of mouse brain in 400 μ l of DEPC-treated distilled water, it was blotted onto a membrane filter in accordance with conventional methods. Next, puc18/mBssP-3/1-1 was digested with restriction enzyme EcoRI, followed by isolation and purification of an approximately 2.7 kbp DNA fragment to prepare a probe by labeling with α -32P dCTP using the above-mentioned method.

After hybridizing this probe overnight at 55°C with the membrane filters blotted with the total RNA prepared from each of the mouse brain sites described above, and with membrane filters blotted with commercially available mRNA prepared from various organs (Clontech), each of the membrane filters was washed for 20 minutes at room temperature with 2 x SSC containing 1% SDS (150 mM NaCl, 15 mM sodium citrate), and then washed twice for 30 minutes at 65°C after changing to 0.1 x SSC and 0.1% SDS. The membrane filters were then exposed for 30 minutes on a BAS2000 imaging plate (Fuji Photo Film).

The results are shown in Fig. 13. With respect to expression in each organ, expression was confirmed in the brain, lung and kidney. With respect to each site of the brain, strong expression was observed in the cerebrum and brain stem. Although weak expression was also observed in the medulla oblongata, expression was not observed in the cerebellum. The expressed size was only about 2.7 kbp in all cases.

Example 3 Cloning of Human BSSP-3 cDNA
Human brain cDNA library was purchased from
Clontech. Mouse BSSP-3 cDNA fragment was fluorescent
labeled using glutaraldehyde to prepare a probe.

pUC18/hBSSP-3 was obtained as a result of screening the human brain cDNA library comprising approximately 400,000 clones using this probe.

The translation region of puc18/hBSSP-3 cDNA was determined to code for a functional protein containing not only a serine protease domain (amino acid No. 578 to 822), but also a kringle domain (amino acid No. 40 to 112) and four scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains (amino acid No. 117 to 217: domain 1, amino acid No. 227 to 327: domain 2, amino acid No. 334 to 433: domain 3, and amino acid No. 447 to 547: domain 4) in the same manner as mouse BSSP-3 cDNA.

However, it was clearly different from that predicted from the primary structure of mouse BSSP-3 cDNA. In contrast to mouse BSSP-3 having three scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains, human BSSP-3 was determined to have four such domains. The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of pUC18/hBSSP-3 are shown in Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5). pUC18/hBSSP-3 are shown in Figs. 7 to 12 (SEQ ID NO: 5). Example 4. Measurement of Enzyme Activity of Novel

Serine Protease Mature Protein Coded by Human BSSP-3 CDNA

(1) Construction of Expression Plasmid pUC18/hBSSP-3 DNA fragment and pdKCR vector DNA fragment were ligated in accordance with conventional methods, <u>E. coli</u> JM109 was transformed, and the resulting colonies were analyzed by PCR to obtain the target serine protease hBSSP-3 expression plasmid pdKCR/hBSSP-3.

Next, primers were designed by amplifying genes coding for the signal sequence following the starting methionine of trypsin II and enterokinase recognition sequence so that EcoRI restriction enzyme recognition site was added upstream from the 5' side and BspMI restriction enzyme recognition site was added downstream from the 3' side. Using these primers, PCR was performed using pCR/Trypsin II plasmid for a template, and the product was digested with restriction enzymes (EcoRI and

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BSpMI), followed by isolation and purification of an approximately 75 bp DNA fragment. Similarly, using a primer designed so that a BspMI restriction enzyme recognition site is added upstream from DNA coding for a mature protein of human BSSP-3, PCR was performed using pdKCR/hBSSP-3 for the template, followed by digestion of the product with restriction enzymes (BspMI and Bpull02I) and isolation and purification of the DNA fragment.

Next, a resulting DNA fragment coding for trypsin II signal sequence and enterokinase recognition site, and a DNA fragment coding for human BSSP-3 mature protein were ligated into pdKCR/hBSSP-3 vector predigested with restriction enzymes (BspMI and Bpull02I) in accordance with conventional methods, followed by transformation of E. coli JM109. Transformed colonies containing the target chimeric DNA were confirmed by PCR to obtain the expression plasmid (pdKCR/Trp-hBSSP-3).

(2) Expression in COS-1 Cells

Chimeric gene DNA prepared in Example 4, part (1) was transfected into COS-1 cells using lipofectin (Life Technologies). Namely, 5 x 10⁵ COS-1 cells were grown in Dalvecco's minimum essential medium (DMEM, Nissui Pharmaceutical) containing 10% fetal bovine serum in 10 cm diameter culture dishes (Corning, 430167). On the following day, after rinsing the cells with 5 ml of Opti-MEM medium (Life Technologies), 5 ml of fresh Opti-MEM medium was added, followed by culturing for 2 hours at 37°C.

After culturing, a mixture of 1 µg of the above-mentioned plasmid and 5 µg of lipofectin was added to each dish, followed by culturing for 5 hours at 37°C. After culturing, 5 ml of Opti-MEM medium was added to make a total volume of 10 ml, followed by additional culturing for 72 hours at 37°C. After culturing, the culture supernatant was collected by centrifugation to

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prepare samples for measurement of enzyme activity. In addition, culture supernatant was prepared for use as a control by transfecting only expression plasmid pdkCR into COS-1 cells.

(3) Measurement of Enzyme Activity

The enzyme activity in the culture supernatant obtained in Example 4, part (2) was measured. Namely, 5 µl of enterokinase (10 mg/ml, Biozyme Laboratories) was mixed with 45 µl of culture supernatant of COS-1 cells and allowed to react for 2 hours at 37°C. Next, 50 µl of 0.2 mm substrate solution prepared by dissolving synthetic substrate Boc-Phe-Ser-Arg-MCA (Peptide Research) in DMSO and diluted with 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 was added and allowed to react for 16 hours at 4°C.

After reacting, fluorescence was measured at an excitation wavelength of 485 nm and fluorescent wavelength of 535 nm. As a result, enzyme activity was only observed when culture supernatant of COS-1 cells that expressed Trp-hBSSP-3 were digested with enterokinase.

Based on the above results, the serine protease domain of human BSSP-3 was determined to be a functional protein having enzyme activity.

25 Effect of the Invention

The inventors of the present invention isolated mouse BSSP-3 cDNA from mouse brain cDNA library, that codes for a novel functional protein containing not only a novel serine protease domain, but also a novel kringle domain and novel scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains. The isolated mouse BSSP-3 cDNA coded for 1 Kringle domain, 3 scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains and 1 serine protease domain. In addition, as a result of examining the expression sites of the isolated mouse BSSP-3 mRNA, the inventors of the present invention determined that mouse BSSP-3 mRNA is strongly expressed

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in the brain, and particularly strongly in the cerebrum and brain stem.

Next, the inventors of the present invention succeeded at isolating human BSSP-3 cDNA from a human brain cDNA library using mouse BSSP-3 cDNA as a probe. As a result, the inventors of the present invention determined that human BSSP-3 cDNA is clearly different from that predicted from the primary structure of mouse BSSP-3 cDNA, in that it was determined to code for 1 kringle domain, 4 scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains, and 1 serine protease domain.

Moreover, the inventors of the present invention determined that, when human BSSP-3 cDNA coding for serine protease mature protein was expressed in COS-1 cells, the expression product is a functional protein having enzyme activity. Not only was the novel functional protein in the present invention determined to have complex functions in terms of its primary structure, but that it plays a constant role in the physiological functions in the brain through the complex functions. Thus, the mouse BSSP-3 cDNA and novel functional protein encoded by the mouse BSSP-3 cDNA of the present invention provide useful means of pathological analysis of various types of mouse disease models.

In addition, the human BSSP-3 cDNA and novel functional protein encoded by the human BSSP-3 cDNA of the present invention provide means for screening therapeutic agents for various diseases based on the useful information for disease treatment obtained through the above pathological analysis. Moreover, they can also be applied to actual development of therapeutic drugs for human diseases. Examples of such treatment methods include supplementary therapy by administration of the recombinant protein and gene-expression promotion or inhibition therapy using the sense or antisense method.

Moreover, the structure of each domain of the novel functional proteins can also function independently.

Thus, molecules that demonstrate interaction with each domain structure can be specified after separately expressing each domain structure. In addition, supplementary therapy by administration of the recombinant protein and the gene-expression promotion or inhibition therapy using the sense or antisense method can be performed by investigating the involvement of the specified molecular group in a disease.

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CLAIMS

- 1. A serine protease or its partial peptide comprising an amino acid sequence identical to serine protease indicated in SEQ ID NO: 6, an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.
- 2. A serine protease domain or its partial peptide comprising an amino acid sequence identical to a serine protease domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid No. 578 to 822 indicated in SEQ ID NO: 6, an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.
- 3. A kringle domain or its partial peptide comprising an amino acid sequence identical to a kringle domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid No. 40 to 112 indicated in SEQ ID NO: 6, an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.
- 4. A scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domain or its partial peptide comprising an amino acid sequence identical to an SRCR domain comprising the amino acid sequence from amino acid No. 117 to 217, from amino acid No. 227 to 327, from amino acid No. 334 to 433, or from amino acid No. 447 to 547 indicated in SEQ ID NO: 6, an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the

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identical sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.

- DNA which codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as claimed in any one of the above-mentioned claims 1 to 4.
- DNA which codes for a peptide having serine protease, domain or their partial peptide activity, and is hybridizable with DNA that codes for the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as claimed in any one of the above-mentioned claims 1 to 4 under stringent conditions.
 - An expression vector containing the DNA as claimed in claims 5 or 6.
 - A host transformed by the expression vector as claimed in claim 7.
- A process for preparing serine protease, domain or their partial peptides comprising culturing or breeding a host as claimed in claim 8, and recovering serine protease, domain or their partial peptides.
 - 10. An antibody whose antigen is the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4.
 - 11. A process for screening physiologically active substances that uses the serine protease, domain or their partial peptides as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, or the DNA as claimed in claims 5 or 6.

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ABSTRACT

The present invention discloses a serine protease or its partial peptide containing an amino acid sequence identical to serine protease indicated in SEQ ID NO: 6, an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted, or an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acid is added to the identical amino acid sequence or an amino acid sequence in which a portion of the identical amino acid sequence is deleted or substituted.

CGAGGGTGGGGTCGGACTCCGGGCTACAGAGCTCCTGGCGCTCATCGCCTCTGG	9
CTCCAGCCTTTGCTTCGCGGGGCTGACCCTTTGGGTCCCGGTGTGATCCTCCAGCTGCCC	12
CGGGGGCTGGGACAGCAGGGCGCGCGCGAGCGTGGGAGGGGGGCTCTAGGACTCTGCCG	18
GCCCCGCCCCCCCCCTCCGCGGGGACCCGGGAGCCCAGCATGGACCACACTCGGCGCCCGC	24
AGCC	24
ATGGCGCTCGCCCGCTGCTGCTGTGATTTTAGGGGCACTGTCTGT	30
MetalaLeuAlaArgCysValLeuAlaValIleLeuGlyAlaLeuSerValValAla	13
CGCGCFGATCCGGTCTCGCGCTCTCCCCTTCACCGCCACCGCATCCGTCCCCACCGCGTTCC	36
ArgAlaAspProValSerArgSerProLeuHisArgProHisProSerProProArgSer	c
CAACACGCGCACTACCTTCCCAGCTCGCGGCGGCCACCCAGGACCCCGCGCTTCCCGCTC	42
GlnHisAlaHisTyrLeuProSerSerArgArgProProArgThrProArgPheProLeu	5
CCGCTGCGGATCCCCGCTGCCCAGCCCCGCAGGTCCTCAGCACCGGGCACACGCCCCCG	48
ProLeuArgIleProAlaAlaGlnArgProGlnValLeuSerThrGlyHisThrProPro	7
ACGATTCCACGCCGCTGCGGGGCAGGAGTCGTGGGGCAATGCCACCAACCTCGGCGTC	54
ThrIleProArgArgCysGlyAlaGlyGluSerTrpGlyAsnAlaThrAsnLeuGlyVal	6
からは かいかい かいしん なんなかいない ないかい しょうしん かいかい はんかい はんかい ない ない しょうしょう はんかい かんかい かんかい かんかい かんかい かんかい かんかい かんかい	9
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GCTGAGCTGCGAGGCCAGCCCCCAACTTCTGCCGGAGCCCGGATGGCTCGGGCAGACCT AlaGluLeuArgGlyGlnProHisAsnPheCysArgSerProAspGlySerGlyArgPro	139
TGGTGCTTCTATCGGAATGCCCAGGGCAAAGTAGACTGGGGGCTACTGCGATTGTGGTCAA TrpCysPheTyrArgAsnAlaGlnGlyLysValAspTrpGlyTyrCysAspCysGlyGln	721 159
GGCCCGGCGTTGCCCGTCATTCGCCTTGTTGGTGGGAACAGTGGGCATGAAGGTCGAGTGGCCATGAAGGTCGAGTGGLyProAlaLeuProValIleArgLeuValGlyGlyAsnSerGlyHisGluGlyArgVal	781 179
GAGCTGTACCACGCTGGCCAGTGGGGGACCATCTGTGACGACCAATGGGACAATGCAGACAGA	841 199
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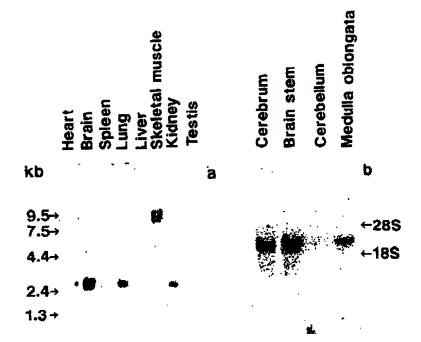
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Fig.13



Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

特許出願宣言書及び委任状

Japanese Language Declaration

日本語宣言書

下つの矢名の交媾者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。	As a below named inventor. I hereby decla: "hat:
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下記の名称の発明に関して請求範囲に記載され、特許出額している発明内容について、私が最初かつ様一の発明者(下記の氏名が一つの場合)もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると(下記の名称が複数の場合)信じています。	I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled
	NOVEL SERINE PROTEASE
	· · ·
上の発明の明報書(下記の模でx川がついていない場合は、 本さに条付)は、	the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:
[]	was filed on July 24, 1998 as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/JP98/03324 and was amended on (If applicable).
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Prior Fareign Application(s)

外国での先行出版 9-213969(Pat.	Appln.) Japan
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(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (授記: 特許許可核、係属中、故棄務)

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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(c) and/or agent(e) to procedute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

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Pro	His	Pro	Ser	Pro	Pro	Arg	Ser	Gln	His	Ala	His	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Ser	
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Ser	Arg	Arg	Pro	Pro	Arg	Thr	Pro	Arg	Phe	Pro	Leu	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ile	
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Arg		Ala	Gln	Gly	Lys		Asp	Trp	Gly	Tyr		Asp	Cys	Gly	Gln	
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		CAR														865
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Val	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Gln	Trp	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Asp	Asp	Gly	Trp	Thr	
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Lys	Gln	Ser	Ser	Val	Asn	His	Phe	Asp	Gly	Ser	Asn	Arg	Pro	Ile	Trp	
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Ser	Arg	Arg	Gln	Trp	Gly	Arg	His	Asp	Сув	Ser	His	Arg	Glu	Asp	Val	
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Thr	Asp	Lys	His	Ala	Ala	Val	īle	Cys	Arg	Gln	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Gly	
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Pro	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	Thr	Met	Ala	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Glu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Pro	
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Trp	Pro	Trp	Gln	Ala	Ser	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	His	Gly	Asp	Gly	
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Arg Ser Asp Tyr Asp Ile Ala Leu Val Arg Leu Gln Gly Pro Gly Glu	
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Gin Cys Ala Arg Leu Ser Thr His Val Leu Pro Ala Cys Leu Pro Leu	
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Trp Arg Glu Arg Pro Gin Lys Thr Ala Ser Asn Cys His Ile Thr Gly	
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Trp Gly Asp Thr Gly Arg Ala Tyr Ser Arg Thr Leu Gln Gln Ala Ala	
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Phe Thr Gly Arg Met Leu Cys Ala Gly Asn Leu Gln Glu Asp Asn Arg	
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Val Asp Ser Cys Gln Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Met Cys Glu Lys	
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cct gat gag tcc tgg gtt gtg tat ggg gtg act tcc tgg ggg tat gga	2449
Pro Asp Glu Ser Trp Val Val Tyr Gly Val Thr Ser Trp Gly Tyr Gly	
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Cys Gly Val Lys Asp Thr Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Arg Val Pro Ala Phe	
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gta cct tgg ata aaa agt gtc acc agt ctg taacttatgg aaagctcaag	2547
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His	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Cys	Val	Pro	Leu	Thr	Asp	Gly	Val
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Ile	Arg	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Lys	Ser	Thr	His	Glu	Gly	Arg	Leu	Glu	Val
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Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Gln	Trp	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Asp	Asp	Gly	Trp	Thr	Glu
	290					295					300				
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Gln	Ser	Ser	Val	Asn	His	Phe	Asp	Gly	Ser	Asn	Arg	Pro	Ile	īrp	Leu
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Asp	Asp	Val	Ser	Cys	Ser	Gly	Lys	Glu	Val	Ser	Phe	Ile	Gln	Cys	Ser
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Arg	Arg	Gln	Trp	Gly	Arg	His	Asp	Cys	Ser	His	Arg	Glu	Asp	Val	Gly
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Leu	Thr	Сув	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	His	Arg	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Phe
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Pro	Ile	Arg	Leu	Val	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Val	Glu
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Val	Phe	Val	Asn	Gly	G1n	Trp	Gly	Thr	Ile	Cys	Asp	Asp	Gly	Trp	Thr
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Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	Thr	Met	Ala	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Glu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ile
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His	Met	Asp	Asn	Val	Lys	Cys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ala	Asp
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Cys	Val	Lys	Gln	Asp	Ile	Gly	Arg	His	Aşn	Cys	Arg	His	Ser	Glu	Asp
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Ala	Gly	Val	Ile	Суѕ	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Lys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly
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Asn	Lys	Glu	Met	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Cys	Gly	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Arg
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Arg	Gln	Lys	Arg	Ile	Ile	Gly	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Trp
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Pro	Trp	Gln	Ala	Ser	Leu		Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	His	Gly	Asp	Gly	Arg
	530					535					540				
	Leu	Cys	Gly	Ala		Leu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Суѕ	Trp	Val	Leu	Thr	
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AIB	HIS	Cys	Pne	Lys	Arg	TYT	GTA	ASR	Asn	ser	Arg	Ser	TAL	ATA	Val	•
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Ile	Gly	Val	Gln	Gln	Ile	Val	Ile	His	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Asp	Arg	
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Ser	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val	Arg	Leu	Gln	Gly	Pro	Gly	Glu	Gln	
	610					615					620					
Cys	Ala	Arg	Leu	Ser	Thr	His	Val	Leu	Pro	Ala	Çys	Leu	Pro	Leu	Trp	
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Arg	Gl u	Arg	Pro	Gln	Lys	Thr	Ala	Ser	Aşn	Cys	His	Ile	Thr	Gly	Trp	
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Gly	Asp	Thr	Gly	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Thr	Leu	Ģln	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	
			660					665					670			
Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Lys	Arg	Phe	Cys	Lys	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Phe	
		675					680					685.				
Thr	Gly	Arg	Met	Leu	Cys	Ala	Gly	Asn	Leu	Gln	Glu	Asp	Asn	Arg	Val	
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Asp	Ser	Cys	Gln	Gly	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Pro	Leu	Met	Cys	Glu	Lys	Pro	
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Asp	Glu	Ser	Trp	Val	Val	Tyr	Gly	Val	Thr	Ser	Trp	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Cys	
				725					730					735		
Gly	Val	Lys	Asp	Thr	Pro	Gly	Val	Tyr	Thr	Arg	Val	Pro	Ala	Phe	Val	
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Arg	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Gln	Arg	Pro	His	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ala	Gly	His	Thr	
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caa	cgg	ccg	cac	ccc	tgg	99 c	tgc	çcc	gcc	ggc	gag	cca	tgg	gtc	agc	144
Pro	Arg	Pro	His	Pro	Trp	Gly	Cys	Pro	Ala	Gly	Glu	Pro	Trp	Val	Ser	
		35					40					45				
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Val	Thr	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ala	Pro	Cys	Leu	Arg	Trp	Ala	Glu	Val	Pro	Pro	
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Phe	Leu	Glu	Arg	Ser	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Trp	Ala	Gln	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gln	
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cgc	cac	aac	ttt	tgt	cgg	agc	ccc	gaç	ggç	geg	gge	aga	ccc	tgg	tgt	288
Arg	His	Asn	Phe	Cys	Arg	Ser	Pro	Asp	Gly	Ala	Gly	Arg	Pro	Trp	Cys	
				85					90					95		
ttc	tac	gga	gac	gaa	cgt	gg¢	aag	gtg	gac	tgg	ggc	tac.	tgc	gac	tgc	336
Phe	Tyr	G1y	Asp	Ala	Arg	Gly	Lys	Val	Asp	Trp	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Asp	Cys	
			100					105					110			
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Arg	His	Gly	Ser	Val	Arg	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gly	Lys	Asn	Glu	Phe	Glu	Gly	
		115					120					125				
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Thr	Val	Glu	Val	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Gly	Val	Trp	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Ser	Ser	
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Ile	Pro	Ile	Tyr	Trp	Ser	Asn	Val	Arg	Cys	Arg	Gly	Asp	Ģlu	Glu	Asn	
			180					185					190			
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Ile	Leu	Leu	Cys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Trp	Gln	Gly	Gly	Val	Cys	Pro	Gln	
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Lys	Met	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	The	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser	His	Gly	Pro	Thr	Phe	
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Pro	Ile	Ile	Arg	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ser	\$er	Val	His	Glu	Gly	Arg	Val	
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Val	Met	Leu	Asp	Glu	Val	Arg	Cys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ile	Glu	
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Gln	Cys	Pro	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Gly	Glu	His	Asn	Cys	Gly	His	Lys	Glu	
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		gtt			cag		gga			tat Tyr		888				1152
		gtt			cag		gga					888				1152
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Trp	Gly	Arg	His	qzA	Cys	Ser	His	Arg	Glu	Asp	Val	Ser	Ile	Ala	Cys	
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Tyr	Pro	Gly	Gly	Glu	Gly	His	Arg	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Phe	Pro	Val	Arg	
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Leu	Met	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Val	Glu	Val	Phe	Ile	
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_	_	Val														
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aga	acc	atg	gct	tac	ttt	ggā	gaa	gga	aaa	gga	ccc	atc	çat	gtg	gat	1536
		Met														
			500	-				505					510			
aat	gtg	aag	tgc	aca	ggā	aat	gag	agg	tcc	ttg	gct	gac	tgt	atc	aag	1584
		Lys									•					
		515					520					525				
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Gln	Asp	Ile	Gly	Arg	His	Asn	Cys	Arg	His	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ala	Gly	Va1	
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Ile	Cys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Asn	Lys	Glu	
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Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Cys	Gly	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Arg	Arg	Gln	Lys	
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cgg	atc	att	ggt	ggg	aaa	aat	tot	tta	agg	ggt	ggt	tgg	cct	tgg	cag	1776
Arg	Ile	Ile	. Gly	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gly	Trp	Pro	Trp	Gln	
			580					585					590)		

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Phe	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Ser	Thr	Arg	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Val	Arg	Val	Gly	
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Asp	Tyr	His	Thr	Leu	Val	Pro	Glu	Glu	Phe	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ile	Gly	Va1	
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Gln	Gln	Ile	Val	Ile	His	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Asp	Arg	Ser	Asp	Tyr	
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Phe	Ser	Ser	His	Val	Leu	Pro	Ala	Cys	Leu	Pro	Leu	Trp	Arg	Glu	Arg	
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Pro	Gln	Lys	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asn	Cys	Tyr	Ile	Thr	GJA	Trp	Gly	Asp		
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	_	gcc			_					_	-					2208
Gly	Arg	Ala	Tyr		Arg	Thr	Lev	Gln	_	Ala	Ala	Ile	Pro		Leu	
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		agg		-	•	•	_		-							2256
Pro	Lys	Arg		CAR	Glu	Glu	Arg	_	Lys	Gly	Arg	Phe		Gly	Arg	
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Met	Leu	Cys	Ala	Gly	Aşn	Leu		Glu	His	Lys	Arg		Asp	Ser	Cys	
		755					760					765				9566
		gac														2352
GIN		Asp	ser	GTÀ	СŢЙ		rea	Met	Cys	Glu	_	Pro	GTA	GIU	Ser	
	770					775					780					

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Trp Val Val Tyr Gly Val Thr Ser Trp Gly Tyr Gly Cys Gly Val Lys	
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gat tot cot ggt gtt tat acc aaa gto toa gcc ttt gta cot tgg ata	2448
Asp Ser Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Lys Val Ser Ala Phe Val Pro Trp Ile	
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asa agt gto acc amm ctg tmattettem tggmmmette mampemgemt	2496
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Arg His Asn Phe Cys Arg Ser Pro Asp Gly Ala Gly Arg Pro Trp Cys	
8 \$ 90 95	
Phe Tyr Gly Asp Ala Arg Gly Lys Val Asp Trp Gly Tyr Cys Asp Cys	
100 105 110	
Arg His Gly Ser Val Arg Leu Arg Gly Gly Lys Asn Glu Phe Glu Gly	
115 120 125	
Min. 11-1 At., 45-1 Min. 11. A., At., At., 11. A., At., 11. A., At., 11. A., At., 11.	
Thr Val Glu Val Tyr Ala Ser Gly Val Trp Gly Thr Val Cys Ser Ser 130 135 140	

His	Trp	Asp	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ser	Val	Ile	Cys	His	Gln	Leu	Gln	Leu
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Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Pro	Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Gly	Leu
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Ile	Pro	Ile	Tyr	Trp	Ser	Asn	Val	Arg	Сув	Arg	Gly	Asp	Glu	Glu	Asn
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Ile	Leu	Leu	Cys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Trp	Gln	Gly	Gly	Val	Cys	Pro	Gln
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Lys	Met	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	Thr	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser	His	Gly	Pro	Thr	Phe
	210					215					220				
Pro	Ile	Ile	Arg	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ser	Val	His	Glu	Gly	Arg	Val
225					230					235					240
Glu	Leu	Tyr	His	Ala	Gly	Gln	Trp	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Trp
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Asp	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ala	Glu	Val	Ile	Cys	Arg	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gly
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Ile	Ala	Lys	Ala	Trp	His	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Pro
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Val	Met	Leu	Asp	Glu	Val	Arg	Cys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ile	Glu
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Trp	Gly	Arg		Asp	Cys	Ser	His		Glu	Asp	Val	Ser		Ala	Cys
m.	n	~ 3 ···	420					425	_	_			430		
TÄL	Pro		GIÀ	Glu	Gly	His		Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly		Pro	Val	Arg
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Let	ı Met	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Glu	Glå	Arg	Val	Glu	Val	Phe	Ile
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Ası	Gly	Gln	Trp	Gly	Thr	Ile	Cys	Asp	Asp	Gly	Trp	Thr	Asp	Lys	Asp
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Glr	Asp	Ile	Gly	Arg	His	Asn	Cys	Arg	His	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ala	Gly	Val
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Arg	Ile	Ile	Gly	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gly	Trp	Pro	Trp	Gln
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Val	Ser	Leu	Arg	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ser	His	Gly	qeA	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ċys
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Gln	Gln	Ile	Val	Ile	His	Arg	Ģlu	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Asp	Arg	Ser	Asp	Tyr
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Asp	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val	Arg	Leu	Gln	Gly	Pro	Glu	Glu	Gln	Cys	Ala	Arg
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Phe	Ser	Ser	His	Val	Leu	Pro	Ala	Cys	Leu	Pro	Leu	Trp	Arg	Glu	Arg
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 Met
 Leu
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 Ala
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 Asn
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 His
 Glu
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 Arg
 Val
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 Glu
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 Val
 Tyr
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